

THRASHING machines are already running in this county. Some of the crops have been sold, a part of which went to Moberly and Mexico.

J. D. ENERLING, a prominent farmer of St. Charles county, committed suicide Monday evening by shooting himself with a shot gun. Financial embarrassment, it is said, provoked the deed.

A district conference of Young Men's Christian Association, for the counties of Caldwell, Davies, Harrison, Mercer, Livingston and Grundy, will be held at Cameron, Mo., July 2d and 3d, 1878.

SEVEN or eight hundred tramps and harvesters invaded Davenport, Iowa, the first of the week, and caused considerable trouble. They forced their passage in on the trains. Many of them were arrested by the police.

Just after the Oregon election, the radicals, as usual, by the use of the associated press, tried to count in their candidate for governor, I. O. Cannon, and finally the Democratic candidate took the chair by a handsome majority.

SENATOR BRUCE, of Mississippi, the only colored man in the senate, at the close of the session, will follow Senator Cannon to Cleveland, Ohio, and will then depart for a four months' trip to Europe.—*Exc.* Bully for Branch Bruce.

THE Kansas state teachers' association assembled in Atchison, Monday evening. Over two hundred teachers, including nearly all of the most prominent educators of the state, were present. The session continued all week.

A COUNCIL of the most eminent physicians of Washington have just performed an extremely dangerous surgical operation upon Justice Miller for cancer. He sustained the ordeal without alarming symptoms of prostration, and there is encouragement to hope for his entire recovery.

THE announcement of R. W. Hammond as a candidate for the office of probate judge of Chariton county will be found in this issue of the COURIER. Mr. Hammond has resided in this county for more than thirteen years, and stands high as a lawyer; his Democracy has the true ring, and if elected we believe he would make a most efficient and acceptable officer.

Mr. J. B. Hyde, in this issue of the COURIER, announces himself as a candidate for presiding justice of the county court. Mr. Hyde is a native of Chariton county, is, we believe, a graduate of the Columbia college, and is one of the very best farmers in the county. Mr. Hyde would doubtless display excellent judgment in the management of the affairs of the county, as presiding justice.

A BOLD and mysterious robbery of the first national bank of St. Joseph, Mo., was made on the 21st inst., in broad daylight. The parties committing the deed took away the neat little sum of \$19,700. The stockholders of the bank are men of wealth, and although the loss is a heavy one, yet the business of the bank will in no way suffer any embarrassment. A \$1,000 reward has been offered for the capture of the thief.

SECRETARY SCHURZ stands to his guns even when the president, the chief of the cabinet and pretty much everybody else about the administration, have made their bayonets bristle against the civil service reform that was the first article of their common faith about inauguration time. He has given the subordinates in the interior department notice that they need not contribute to political expenses if they prefer not to, and that their paying or refusing to pay won't hasten or hinder their removal.—*Exc.*

THE Howard county court on Wednesday compromised twenty of her county bonds issued to the Tebo & Neosho railroad, at fifty cents on the dollar. We are glad to see the holders of our county bonds willing to compromise this matter without litigation. We are satisfied it is the best for both the holders of these bonds and the county, that an understanding should have been arrived at without the expense of a suit, and we hope a like compromise can be effected with the holders of all outstanding Tebo & Neosho bonds.—*H. C. Advertiser.*

On Saturday last, Shelton D. Williams, of Williamsburg, Callaway county, accompanied by his wife and baby, were going down the Missouri river in a flat-boat loaded with household goods, when the boat struck a snag and capsized opposite Rocheport. Mrs. Williams caught her child to her breast with one arm and grasped a trunk with the other and was at once thrown into the river. Her husband jumped into the skiff attached to the boat, but before he could get to her she had sunk with her child, crying out to him "good-bye!"

THE St. Louis Times, speaking of the character of the greenback party, which recently held a convention at Sedalia, Mo., says: "This national greenback labor organization in Missouri is in the main a conglomeration of agitation, fanaticism and demagoguery, with honest exceptions here and there of men who feel that the management of our public affairs has not been what it ought to have been, and desire a reform of past abuses. Leading and influential Democrats understand this as feelingly as they, and propose to remedy the evils of which they complain, and which affect the masses of the people, of which these honest complainants are a part. By uniting with the Democracy, they become a factor which will count in the direction of public affairs. By uniting with a faction of men whose self-esteem outruns their modicum of wisdom, and whose selfishness and self-interests are their counselors and guides, they will throw away their influence for good and may defeat the accomplishment of that which they most desire, and lose themselves in the quagmires and delusions which fanaticism creates."

St. John the Baptist's day was celebrated in Warrensburg Monday, four hundred Masons participating in the exercises. Rev. Jno. D. Vincel, of Mexico, delivered an oration.

We call attention to the announcement in this issue of the COURIER, of Judge L. Salisbury, as a candidate for representative in the next general assembly, from Chariton county.

It is said that Secretary Sherman expresses himself satisfied with the general result of the financial legislation of the late congress, and pleased with the open and easy course left him through, which he hopes to accomplish a speedy resumption within the time fixed by law. We suppose it may be set down as true that the money power at Washington City has been wielded with wonderful skill throughout the last session of congress. While the would-be champions of people's interests have been comparatively unorganized, vacillating weak and dissipated, hence, Secretary Sherman, the prime minister of the money power, is well pleased with the results of his last and greatest contest.

It is a fitting rebuke to the white members of the Louse committee on enrolled bills that the only member of the committee who was sober enough to attend to business during the last night of the late session, when they had by far the most important duties and grave responsibilities that had rested on them during the whole eight months of the session, was a colored man. Joseph H. Rainey, a negro from South Carolina, was according to the reports, the only member of the committee who was not drunk of those who were nominally on duty, and the exception is at once creditable to his race and a reproach to the white men who so shamefully neglected their work.—*St. L. Republican.*

HENRY CLAY DEAN is in favor of the Democratic state convention resolving that the salaries of all county officers, be reduced to what they were in 1855. If Mr. Dean had taken the trouble upon himself to examine the list of fees now allowed by law, and compared it with the list of fees allowed under the law of 1855, he would have found that the reduction he proposes has already been made. That kind of stuff sounds just like a candidate for the legislature proposing to have the road law so amended as to give a justice of the peace jurisdiction over cases involving the violation of that law. Why don't people, who seek to lead and direct public opinion and sentiment, put up a little on these things?

THE last Democratic state convention for Missouri, passed a resolution declaring that the offices of railroad commissioners, insurance commissioner and state register of lands were superfluous offices and useless appendages to the state government, and advised the repeal of the laws creating them. Notwithstanding the fact that the Democratic party had absolute control of both houses of the legislature, these useless offices were permitted to continue in existence. We think it would be well for the people to give the matter a little attention when they come to make their selection of representatives to the next general assembly. The expense and burden of supporting useless offices should be dispensed with as soon as possible.

Mr. Holladay, our state auditor, in answer to an inquiry in regard to the amount of the back tax law, said: "From the settlements adjusted and estimated on the counties not yet classified, I find the back taxes collected for the state to the first Monday in March was \$306,168 28. The collections for the counties were, of course, much larger, as in all cases the levies were much greater. The state paid, in 1875, \$20,527 91 for publishing delinquent lists, and the amount paid in 1876 by the state for copying delinquent lists, entering judgments, making special executions, recording forfeitures to the state, etc., was \$20,236 44, making a total per annum to the state of \$40,765 35, besides as much to the counties. The state and counties, under the back tax act, are not subject to these costs. I am satisfied the law will be the means of cleaning up the back taxes, and that a large amount will be collected during this year, in addition to the foregoing. The law will greatly tend to reduce the delinquent lists in the future, as few persons will care to subject themselves to suits and costs."

THE Howard Co. Advertiser, speaking of the male and female colleges at Fayette, says: "There have been days of darkness for both colleges but both have weathered the storm successfully and are now upon a solid and enduring basis, and that their present healthy condition may well be a source of gratulation to the people of that county, the Democratic form at large and to all interested in their welfare and success. Central college had its birth in an educational convention held in St. Louis in 1853, and during its existence has made a record for thorough scholarship and excellent discipline that is an honor to the whole state. At a recent election for president of Central college to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late president, William W. Rev. Eugene R. Hendrix, A. M., was unanimously chosen. He was formerly a student of Central college but graduated at Wesleyan University, Middleton, Conn. President Hendrix, though young years, brings a ripe experience and a zealous and tireless energy to the work. Howard Female college is a splendid seminary for young ladies. It was chartered by the Missouri legislature in 1850, and is now presided over by the Rev. Joseph H. Fritchett, assisted by an able and experienced corps of teachers."

HENRY CLAY DEAN, who has been traveling over the country preaching repudiation and other kindred political heresies for the last quarter of a century, now furnishes the St. Louis Times with a series of nonsensical twaddle for consideration, which he says will, in substance, be presented for adoption at the approaching convention for the perpetuity of the Democratic party. The fifth resolution of the series is as follows: "5. That the state call in all of her present bonds and issue new bonds not to bear a greater interest than 4 per cent. per annum, and that no county be allowed to pay more than 4 per cent. upon any bonds issued according to law. This is not intended to prevent the repudiation of bonds issued in violation of the constitution or law." That would be a very nice little piece of financiering, and remarkably creditable to any party that could successfully engineer it through. But, query: what right would an individual, who had executed his note to his neighbor for value received bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum,

have, without the consent of that neighbor, to call in that note and give another in lieu thereof bearing 4 per cent. interest? Mr. Dean did not attempt a discussion of his propositions but simply presented them for consideration. We think that time is too precious, the weather too hot, and the present condition of the Democratic party entirely too much demoralized already to admit of a serious consideration of any such propositions. He concludes by saying that the Democratic party has the power to come to the relief of the people, and that the people demand it of her, all of which is very true, and we think that whenever the Democratic party turns a deaf ear to the screaming of all such old antiquated political owls, then and not until then will it furnish the country with a cure for its ills, and its capacity and intention to bring that relief which the emergencies of the times demand.

Hostile Indians made their first demonstrations of hostility of the season in the section of Dead Wood, on Sunday, June 26th. Several shots were fired at parties hunting in that vicinity. No person was injured.

On the Texas border more depredations have been committed near Johnson's Fork country than of late, and a hundred horses have been captured from those place and taken by the Indians. Active military operations are going on along the border for the suppression of all warlike bands and tribes.

A Silver City dispatch to San Francisco says the assault made by Bonifant upon the Indians at Curry Creek was out to be a success. It was a surprise to the savages, about 40 of whom were killed. The soldiers were very cool in the charge. The Indian force present was estimated at 700, but probably was not so large. The Indians are returning to their stronghold in the Stearns mountains. Gen. Howard, with the forces at his personal command, is making forty-five miles a day and will effect a junction with Bonifant to-night. It is stated that the whole force of savage warriors numbers 2,000. One hundred and three camp fires were counted. The Indians will be pursued and there is every prospect of a protracted campaign. The Stearns mountain country is well adapted for defensive operations.

EVERY year the last days of the congressional session present the same disagreeable scene of the two houses wrangling over appropriations and blindly hurrying through important legislation which ought to have been considered carefully and acted upon discreetly months before. The one duty of congress is to amend the law, the first and often the only duty it has to perform, is the passage of the regular appropriation bills. These ought all to be presented to the house within the first month of the session, and there is no reason why they should not be disposed of within another month. The rest of the session could then be devoted to buncombe, and private jobs could take their chance. The trouble is that buncombe occupies the first place in the minds of nine-tenths of the members, and every man has his own pet scheme to which all public interests must give precedence. The appropriation bills are accordingly made a matter of bargain and barter, and are kept in reserve until the last moment, when they can be loaded with all manner of amendments, in the hope that most of them may be carried through. If there be any means of reforming this vicious system it has not yet been discovered. The rules of the house are explicit enough, but nobody pays any attention to them, and it is probable that no golden age when congressmen shall care for the public first and themselves afterwards.—*Phil. Times.*

FOR REPRESENTATIVE. We present before our readers this week the name of another applicant for the honor of representing old Chariton in the next general assembly. Judge Lucius Salisbury, an old citizen and one who has born this honor several times in years past, never comes to the front for the purpose of contesting that matter with Dr. D. H. Hammond, who, up to this time in the canvass, has been having it all his own way. We have heard Parson Bowman spoken of also as a candidate for the honor, but as no announcement has appeared in either of our county papers, we have no knowledge of his intentions, and as we believe in a belief as to whether he intends to be a candidate or not.

We are glad to have the privilege of announcing another candidate for representative to our people for two reasons, first, because of the "V" which has brought into the depleted coffers of the COURIER office, and second, because of the opportunity which it affords our citizens to get up a discussion between the candidates on the political topics of the times and thereby enable the people to pass an intelligent judgment upon the fitness of the gentlemen for the important position which they seek. Any persons who aspire to the honor of representing in the general assembly of the state, a county possessing the wealth and population of Chariton county should be ready and competent to make known their views on all matters of general public interest, whenever and wherever called upon.

Elsewhere we publish a communication from Salt Creek, from which we learn that the question of township organization is the leading subject of discussion among the people of that section of the county. Other parts of the county may have under consideration other and different matters of importance. So far in this canvass we have heard little or nothing said upon any subject likely to engage the attention of the next general assembly. As the nominations of the Democratic candidate in Chariton is equivalent to election, and as the election of candidates in this county, this year, will most likely, be submitted to a primary election and as we now have two candidates in the field seeking the Democratic nomination for representative, we suggest that a canvass be arranged so that these gentlemen can visit and speak at least once in each township in the county before the day fixed for the primary election. Let the arrangements for some such canvass be made at the county convention, to be held here at the county seat, on the 2d of July. What say you, gentlemen?

THE pioneer greenbackers of this country, the Ohio Democrats, met in state convention on the 26th and adopted a platform, demanding, among other things, the absolute repeal of the resumption act and the lawful liberation of the coin hoarded in the treasury; the removal of all restrictions to the coinage of silver; the gradual substitution of United States legal tender paper for national bank notes and the permanent establishment as the sole paper money of the country, made receivable for all dues to the government and of equal tender with coin; the amount of such issues to be so regulated by legislation or organic law as to give the people assurance of stability and consequent stability of value; no further increase in the bonded debt and no further sale of bonds for the purchase of coin for resumption purposes, but the gradual extinction of the public debt; rigid economy in the reduction of expenditures in all branches of public service, and a tariff for revenue only. The platform is quite long and we could not, this week, give it room. It contains many excellent things and on the financial question, as well as other important issues, the tone of the language used has the true ring.

LIGHTNING rod swindlers are busy in Mercer county, and are quite successful in their little game of cheat. It does seem strange that people, after so many warnings, will continue to be bewitched by games that have been exposed and exposed almost in the country. But there are some who say "Oh, if they are cheated out of their 'boots' no one is to blame but themselves. We warn our readers not to sign their names to any paper presented to them by strangers. It is dangerous and may cost you much trouble, and money."

From present indications it is apparent that the fourth of July, this year, will be more generally celebrated than for many years past. It is an unmistakable sign of good feeling, a prosperous and happy people notwithstanding our many complaints.

We have been shown a letter, addressed to Hon. A. Mackay, Sr., from a gentleman residing in Unionville, Mo., in which it is stated that Hon. H. D. Marshall, of that place, has withdrawn from the race for state senator.

THE Moberly Monitor has entered upon its 10th volume. It is a good, live, Democratic paper, and we wish it unbounded success.

From Clark Township, June 24, 1878. EDITOR COURIER.—I noticed your item in regard to waiting correspondents, and hereby tender my services. Will try and forward the particulars of current events of this section promptly, if desired. Weather here just lovely—a little cool for corn, but the crop, as a general thing, is clean—a pretty stand where it was not damaged by hail and mice, and as it is early in the season yet, the prospect is good for all manner of crops. There is probably a quarter more planted this year than usual. Oats are looking well and will make a larger yield than for several years. Wheat is good—extra good—will be a No. 1 crop, and quality. Tobacco growers have all called a halt, and planted corn and potatoes instead. More anon, HARRY.

From Salt Creek, June 22, 1878. EDITOR COURIER.—The Salt Creek greenback club met today and organized by electing officers. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted: Resolved that we regard the action of the legislature in repealing the township organization law, as directly contrary to the will of the people of this county, and in direct violation of the constitution of the state, and that we will vote for no man for office in this county at the coming election who is not uncompromisingly in favor of township organization. Now, Mr. Editor, this is the leading question with us out here, and we propose to make it hot for any candidate who forgets to take a bold stand in opposition to the action of the legislature in repealing the township organization. We are meeting rain here, and on account of dry weather crops look badly. Vox.

County Court Proceedings. In VACATION, JUNE 19, 1878. Ordered that Ann Fielder, a minor, be and she is hereby bound as an apprentice to S. M. Moore until she arrives at the age of eighteen years, and the clerk of this court is ordered to prepare the necessary indentures of apprenticeship, according to law.

In VACATION, JUNE 20, 1878. On information of S. Bowersmith, J. P., a negro man by the name of Collins was ordered received at the county poor farm. In VACATION, JUNE 21, 1878. William Miner and W. R. Slaughter, special commissioners in the case of the bridge over the East Fork of the Chariton river at the Dawson ford, this day make their report in which they state that the said bridge has been completed with some variations from the plan and specifications, that said variations have, no doubt, been occasioned by the fact that the plan drawn, did not agree with the specifications. That some additional braces are needed to prevent the bridge from vibrating up and down the stream, and to strengthening the bridge. They further state that the work is well executed and is of good material, and recommend that the said bridge be received and that the contract price, to-wit: the sum of \$600 and the sum of \$7 25 be paid to John H. Lohr, the contractor. Thereupon it is ordered that the sum of \$607 25, be allowed the said John H. Lohr, out of the bridge fund and that a warrant be issued for the same.

Ordered further that Wm. Miner and W. R. Slaughter, special commissioners in the case of the East Fork bridge, proceed to have the necessary and proper iron rods added to said bridge for the purpose of strengthening the same. In SPECIAL SESSION, JUNE 24, 1878. B. H. Davis, sheriff and ex-officio collector, this day made settlement of the court on collect of fees, which was examined by the court and the proper credits allowed.

In VACATION, JUNE 26, 1878. John George Sullivan, district No. 1, in Salisbury township, reports that the aprons to the bridge over Mott Creek, have been completed according to contract by George Blake, the contractor, at the price contracted for, to-wit: for the sum of \$840, in a substantial and workmanlike manner, and recommends the payment of the said contract price. Whereupon it is ordered that the sum of \$840, be and is hereby allowed to George Blake, out of the bridge fund and a warrant ordered issued for the same.

CANDIDATES. Our terms for announcing candidates are, for state or congressional offices, \$10 00; county offices, \$5 00; township offices, \$3 00. Announcements will positively not be inserted unless paid for in advance. Communications, &c., in the interest of any one for office, must be paid for at the rate of ten cents a line (seven words to the line) before publication.

A CERTIFICATE. This will certify that Judge L. Salisbury never wrote me any letter on any political subject whatever, in regard to his being a candidate, or anything else. Given under my hand, this 25th day of June, 1878. JOHN F. JONES.

SENATOR 6TH DISTRICT. We are authorized to announce HON. A. MACKAY, Sr., of Keytesville, Chariton county, as a candidate for State Senator from the 6th senatorial district, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

REPRESENTATIVE. We are authorized to announce DAVID H. HAMMOND as a candidate for the office of Representative of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

We are authorized to announce LUCIUS SALISBURY as a candidate for the office of Representative of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

COLLECTOR. We are authorized to announce GEO. R. OLIPHANT as a candidate for the office of Collector of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

SHERIFF AND COLLECTOR. We are authorized to announce THOMAS DOUGHERTY as a candidate for the office of Sheriff and Collector of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

COUNTY CLERK. We are authorized to announce T. DYSART as a candidate for the office of County Clerk of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

We are authorized to announce J. GRIFFIN as a candidate for the office of County Clerk of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

We are authorized to announce L. B. ISBELL as a candidate for the office of County Clerk of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

SHERIFF. We are authorized to announce BURGESS B. DAVIS as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

We are authorized to announce WARNER FORD as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

TREASURER. We are authorized to announce E. D. HENSHAW as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

We are authorized to announce J. M. HAMILTON as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

We are authorized to announce JOHN C. MILLER as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

CIRCUIT CLERK. We are authorized to announce H. H. MANN as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

ASSESSOR. We are authorized to announce R. P. CLARKSON as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

We are authorized to announce H. C. TINSLEY as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

PROBATE JUDGE. We are authorized to announce OSCAR P. SMITH as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Probate Court of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention.

We are authorized to announce R. W. HAMMOND, of Brunswick, as a candidate for Probate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic convention, or primary election, if one be held.

PRESIDING JUSTICE. We are authorized to announce J. B. HYDE as a candidate for Presiding Justice of the County Court of Chariton county, subject to the decision of the Democratic nominating convention, or primary election.

MACKAY'S HOTEL KEYTESVILLE, MO.

This large and commodious house is always kept well furnished for the accommodation of guests. The tables are supplied with the best the market affords.

Guests can be furnished with conveyance to any part of county.

A BUS LINE MAKES REGULAR TRIPS TO EVERY TOWN. Terms reasonable. 713m12

POSITIVELY THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST, AND MOST ATTRACTIVE

STOCK OF DRY-GOODS

BOOTS, SHOES, CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS,

LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

D. VICTOR'S, Keytesville, Mo.

BARGAINS AT THE CASH AND BARTER STORE OF R. WHITE,

For people who want goods and have the cash to pay for them. DRESS GOODS, Including everything that makes a fancy dress, from calico, wash poplin or cotton suitings, worsted poplins, Alpaca, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES, For men, women and children, including ladies' kid or pebble, front and side lace or button shoes, Newport ties and slippers and the same styles for misses and children.

FANCY GOODS, Hamburg embroideries, white and colored, linen and lace sets, ruchings, bibs, fichues, scarfs, neck-ties and bows, laces, ribbons, fans, parasols, silks and cotton, lace curtains, corsets, &c.

MEN'S AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING, Cottonades, Jeans and Cassimeres. There is not a stock of goods in Chariton county composed so entirely of honest goods and clear of trash. Owing to circumstances which I cannot control, I am forced to abandon the long-credit business and adopt the cash system, giving to all the benefit of low prices on staples, and fancy dry-goods, with the plain understanding that I will sell you goods at 25 per cent. cheaper than any merchant can or will, that sells on twelve months or two years time; and will trade square and honest with every one.

Please call and examine my stock and prices before buying elsewhere. Yours Respectfully, R. WHITE.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, namely: butter, eggs, chickens, tallow, wool, pelts, dry, and green hides. 713m12

W. E. HILL, KEYTESVILLE, MO.

Has the Largest and Best assortment of DRY-GOODS, READY-MADE CLOTHING,

CASSIMERES, & C. LADIES' DRESS GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Alpaca, white and fancy Poplins and Porecales, Hats, Caps,

Boots and Shoes, Gents' White Vests, Hardware and Queensware.

GROCERIES, Teas, Coffee, Sugar, Soda, Salt, Soap, Canned Goods, Oysters,

Spices, Peaches, Corn, &c., &c. All of which will be sold as cheap, for cash, as the goods can be had in North Missouri.

A Call Solicited, Wm. E. HILL. WHEELER & JARED, KEYTESVILLE, MO.

Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of fresh, staple and fancy GROCERIES

Sugars, Coffee, Teas, Best Brands of Flour, Salt and Axle Grease, MACKEREL & SALT FISH,

CANDIES, EVERY VARIETY OF CANNED GOODS Hardware, Glassware, Stoneware, Queensware, Tinware, Wooden and Willowware, Table & Pocket Cutlery,

COTTON BATTING & YARN, Fruit Jars at Bottom Prices, HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Persons desiring anything usually kept in a first-class family grocery store are requested to call and examine our stock and prices. We will not be undersold by any firm in North Missouri. Respectfully, WHEELER & JARED. 713m12

Holcomb & Gordon, DEALERS IN LUMBER,

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, & C., BUILDERS' HARDWARE

KEYTESVILLE STATION, MO. Will sell as low as any firm in the county, for cash. 713m1

LON. BARNES, SADDLE & HARNESS SHOP,

KEYTESVILLE, MO. The most reliable Harness Shop in the county. A full line of Harness and Saddles always on hand, made by skilled workmen, out of the best material. I keep a full stock of Whips, Collars and every article usually kept in first-class shops. All repairing done to order on short notice. My work is warranted. Come and see me. My motto is "Live and let live." 713m1

"DON'T YOU FORGET IT!" THE CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE IN CHARITON COUNTY TO BUY

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Glass, Wall-Paper, School-Books, Fancy and Toilet Articles

IS AT MARTIN & APPLEGATE'S, Keytesville, Mo. Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day or night. 713m12

BARTZ & BELTZ, KEYTESVILLE, MO.

Flouring and Grist Mills. Are now prepared to promptly do all custom work every day, Monday excepted. Flour, meal and feed constantly on hand and for sale cheap, for ALL WORK WARRANTED. Prices the lowest. Having determined to enlarge, and add some new and latest improved machinery to our mills, we close about the first of August, in order to do the work. All needing anything in our line are requested to come in before that time. 713m12